

Internal Control Audit: County Executive Office/Real Estate Revenue Generating Lease Administration Process

As of April 30, 2018

Audit No. 1730 Report Date: March 5, 2019

### Number of Recommendations



Critical Control Weaknesses



Significant Control Weaknesses



**Control Findings** 

# **OC Board of Supervisors**

Chairwoman Lisa Bartlett 5th District Vice Chair Michelle Steel 2nd District Supervisor Andrew Do 1st District Vacant 3rd District Supervisor Doug Chaffee 4th District



Internal Control Audit: CEO/Real Estate Revenue Generating Lease Administration Process

March 5, 2019

| Audit Highlights                       |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| SCOPE OF WORK                          | Perform an internal control audit of CEO/Real Estate's revenue generating lease administration process for County departments for the year ended April 30, 2018.   |  |
| Results                                | <ul> <li>We found that CEO/Real Estate's internal control over the revenue generating lease administration process was generally effective to ensure CEO/Real Estate is providing adequate oversight over those leases.</li> <li>We found that business processes were generally efficient as related to the revenue generating lease administration process.</li> </ul> |  |
| RISKS IDENTIFIED                       | As a result of our findings, potential risks include:  |  |
|  | Inconsistent administration of revenue generating leases.  |  |
|  | Revenue loss to the County.  |  |
|  | Undetected errors.   |  |
|  | Opportunities for enhancing internal control include:  |  |
| RECOMMENDATIONS                        | Create written policy and procedures for revenue generating lease administration.  |  |
| O CRITICAL<br>CONTROL<br>WEAKNESSES    | Prioritize the implementation of the Visual Lease database.  |  |
| O SIGNIFICANT<br>CONTROL<br>WEAKNESSES |  |  |
| 4 Control<br>Findings                  |  |  |
| Report suspected                       | fraud, or misuse of County resources by vendors, contractors, or County employees to 714.834.3608  |  |
|  |  |  |



Audit No. 1730

March 5, 2019

| To:      | Thomas "Mat" Miller, Chief Real Estate Officer<br>County Executive Office/Real Estate        |  |
|----------|--|--|
| From:    | Scott Suzuki, CPA, Assistant Director S Suzuki<br>Internal Audit Department                  |  |
| Subject: | Internal Control Audit: CEO/Real Estate –<br>Revenue Generating Lease Administration Process |  |

We have completed an Internal Control Audit of the revenue generating lease administration process at CEO/Real Estate for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2018. Details of our results and recommendations immediately follow this letter. Additional information including background and our objectives, scope, and methodology are included in Appendix A.

CEO/Real Estate concurred with all of our recommendations and the Internal Audit Department considers CEO/Real Estate's management response appropriate to the recommendations in this report.

Results of this audit will be included in a future status report submitted quarterly to the Audit Oversight Committee (AOC) and the Board of Supervisors (Board). Additionally, we will request your department to complete a Customer Survey of Audit Services, which you will receive shortly after the distribution of our final report.

We appreciate the courtesy extended to us by CEO/Real Estate's personnel during our audit. If you have any questions regarding our audit, please contact me at 714.834.5509 or Senior Audit Manager Michael Dean at 714.834.4101.

Attachments

Other recipients of this report: Members, Board of Supervisors Members, Audit Oversight Committee Frank Kim, County Executive Officer CEO/Real Estate Distribution Foreperson, Grand Jury Robin Stieler, Clerk of the Board of Supervisors Vavrinek, Trine, Day & Co., LLP, County External Auditor

| RESULTS  |   |  |
|--|---|--|
| BUSINESS PROCESS<br>& INTERNAL<br>CONTROL<br>STRENGTHS | Business process and internal control strengths noted during our audit include:   |  |
|  | <ul> <li>Duties over administration of revenue generating leases are<br/>adequately segregated.</li> </ul>  |  |
|  | <ul> <li>A manual system is in place to track each revenue generating lease<br/>that includes key dates, such as commencement and expiration<br/>dates. CEO/Real Estate is in the process of implementing an<br/>electronic system for tracking called Visual Lease.</li> </ul> |  |
|  | ✓ A contract file is maintained for each agreement and is updated<br>regularly for proper documentation. This file includes rent amount<br>changes and security deposit changes.  |  |
|  | <ul> <li>Inspections are scheduled annually to ensure compliance with lease terms.</li> </ul>   |  |

| FINDING NO. 1          | Visual Lease  |
|------------------------|---|
|                        | CEO/Real Estate utilizes Excel spreadsheets to manually manage and track leases, but is in the process of implementing the Visual Lease software solution to assist in managing and tracking leases (only a portion of leases, approximately 30%, have been entered into the system). |
|                        | CEO/Real Estate plans to fully integrate Visual Lease by the end of 2019.   |
| CATEGORY               | Control Finding   |
| Risk                   | Using a manual process to manage and track leases increases the risk<br>that rent, security deposit, or lease terms will not be updated<br>appropriately, resulting in a loss of revenue.   |
| RECOMMENDATION         | We recommend that CEO/Real Estate prioritize the implementation of Visual Lease.  |
| Management<br>Response | Concur. CEO Real Estate is planning to fully integrate Visual Lease by the end of 2019.   |

| FINDING NO. 2          | Policy and Procedures   |  |
|------------------------|---|--|
|                        | A Standard Revenue Lease Form is used for all Revenue Generating<br>Leases (RGLs). This form includes provisions such as rent, term,<br>obligations, and requirements. The responsibilities of the County and<br>applicable departments are stated throughout the form; however,<br>CEO/Real Estate has not established written policy and procedures that<br>clearly delineate its responsibilities for revenue generating lease<br>contract administration versus applicable department responsibilities. |  |
| CATEGORY               | Control Finding   |  |
| Risk                   | Not having departmental policy and procedures could result in inconsistent administration of revenue generating leases (contracts) between CEO/Real Estate and the applicable department.   |  |
| RECOMMENDATION         | We recommend that CEO/Real Estate establish written policy and<br>procedures that clearly delineate its responsibilities for revenue<br>generating lease contract administration versus applicable department<br>responsibilities.  |  |
| Management<br>Response | Concur. CEO Real Estate is planning to establish written policies and procedures to delineate its responsibilities for revenue generating lease contract administration by the end of 2019.   |  |

| FINDING NO. 3          | Revision of Rent and Security Deposit<br>CEO/Real Estate sent memos late or did not send memos to tenants<br>notifying them of rent and security deposit increases for five of 25 leases<br>reviewed (20%).  |
|------------------------|--|
| CATEGORY               | Control Finding  |
| Risk                   | Not sending timely memos for increases in lease rent increases the risk<br>that rent will not be revised timely, resulting in a loss of revenue.<br>Additionally, not sending timely memos for increases in security deposit<br>amounts increases the risk that the County might not be able to cover<br>damages for excessive wear and tear, or other unmet conditions of the<br>lease by the tenant. |
| RECOMMENDATION         | We recommend CEO/Real Estate ensure rent and security deposit revision memos are sent to tenants timely.   |
| Management<br>Response | Concur. CEO Real Estate will ensure that rent and security deposit revision memos are sent to tenants timely, effective immediately.   |



| FINDING NO. 4          | Documentation of Supervisory Review  |  |
|------------------------|--|--|
|                        | The Leasing Team Manager reviews, but does not sign and date the inspection report before it is sent to the tenant.                          |  |
|                        | In addition, supervisory review is not documented on payment tracking reports for Fund 135 (Real Estate Development Program) lease payments. |  |
|                        | Supervisory review should be documented to ensure accountability is established for the reviews performed.                                   |  |
| CATEGORY               | Control Finding  |  |
| Risk                   | Not documenting supervisory review can increase the risk of undetected errors.   |  |
| RECOMMENDATION         | We recommend that CEO/Real Estate ensure supervisory review is properly documented on applicable reports.                                    |  |
| Management<br>Response | Concur. CEO Real Estate will ensure that supervisory review is properly documented, effective immediately.                                   |  |

| AUDIT TEAM | Michael Dean, CPA, CIA, CISA | Senior Audit Manager |
|------------|------------------------------|----------------------|
|            | Zan Zaman, CPA, CIA          | Audit Manager I      |
|            | Gianne Acosta, CIA           | Audit Manager I      |
|            |                              |                      |



|                         | APPENDIX A: ADDITIONAL INFORMATION  |  |
|-------------------------|---|--|
| OBJECTIVES              | Our audit objectives were to:   |  |
|                         | 1. Evaluate internal control over the revenue generating lease administration process to ensure CEO/Real Estate is providing adequate oversight over those leases.  |  |
|                         | 2. Review revenue generating lease administration processes for efficiency.   |  |
| SCOPE &<br>METHODOLOGY  | Our audit scope was limited to internal control over revenue generating<br>lease administration processes for the year ended April 30, 2018. Our<br>methodology included inquiry, observation, examination of<br>documentation, and testing of relevant transactions.   |  |
| Exclusions              | Our audit scope did not include a review of easements, licenses, permits, or leases not administered by CEO/Real Estate.  |  |
| PRIOR AUDIT<br>COVERAGE | We have not issued any audit reports for CEO/Real Estate with a similar scope within the last ten years.  |  |
| BACKGROUND              | CEO/Real Estate administers leases for several departments including:<br>OCCR (including OC Parks), OCPW, SSA, and CEO. They also provide<br>oversight on finalizing lease documents and collaborate with<br>departments that report on lease provisions (e.g., payments).  |  |
|                         | Board Resolution No. 14-014, Item No. 57 delegated authority to<br>execute leases and licenses to CEO/Real Estate when the lease/license<br>duration does not exceed ten years and the minimum monthly<br>rental/license fee does not exceed \$10,000. Paragraph 3 states, "The<br>Chief Real Estate Officer, County Executive Officer, or designee is<br>authorized to determine fair market rent or license fee, establish criteria<br>to determine tenant's/licensee's ability to pay, advertise the availability<br>of property, select tenant or licensee, negotiate, amend and execute<br>leases and licenses and related documents, upon review by County<br>Counsel." |  |



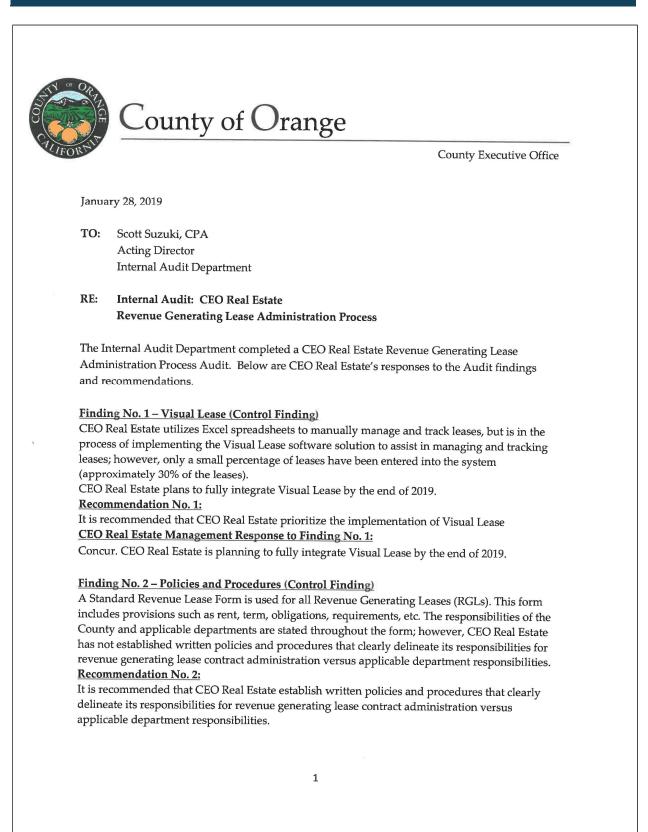
| PURPOSE &<br>AUTHORITY                                 | We performed this audit in accordance with the Annual Risk Assessment & Audit Plan for FY 2018-19 approved by the Audit Oversight Committee (AOC) and Board of Supervisors (Board).   |  |
|--|---|--|
| PROFESSIONAL<br>STANDARDS                              | Our audit was conducted in conformance with the International Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing issued by the International Internal Audit Standards Board.  |  |
| Follow-UP<br>Process                                   | In accordance with professional standards, the Internal Audi<br>Department has a process to follow-up on its recommendations. A first<br>follow-up audit will generally begin six months after release of the initia<br>report.   |  |
|  | The AOC and Board expect that audit recommendations will typically be<br>implemented within six months or sooner for significant and higher risk<br>issues. A second follow-up audit will generally begin six months after<br>release of the first follow-up audit report, by which time all audit<br>recommendations are expected to be implemented. Any audit<br>recommendations not implemented after the second follow-up audit will<br>be brought to the attention of the AOC at its next scheduled meeting.   |  |
|  | A Follow-Up Audit Report Form is attached and is required to be<br>returned to the Internal Audit Department approximately six months from<br>the date of this report in order to facilitate the follow-up audit process.   |  |
| MANAGEMENT'S<br>RESPONSIBILITY FOR<br>INTERNAL CONTROL | In accordance with the Auditor-Controller's County Accounting Manual<br>Section S-2 Internal Control Systems: "All County departments/agencies<br>shall maintain effective internal control systems as an integral part of<br>their management practices. This is because management has primary<br>responsibility for establishing and maintaining the internal control<br>system. All levels of management must be involved in assessing and<br>strengthening internal controls." Control systems shall be continuously<br>evaluated by Management and weaknesses, when detected, must be<br>promptly corrected. The criteria for evaluating internal controls is the<br>Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission<br>(COSO) Internal Control – Integrated Framework. Our Internal Control<br>Audit enhances and complements, but does not substitute for<br>department management's continuing emphasis on control activities and<br>monitoring of control risks. |  |
| INTERNAL CONTROL<br>LIMITATIONS                        | Because of inherent limitations in any system of internal control, errors<br>or irregularities may nevertheless occur and not be detected. Specific<br>examples of limitations include, but are not limited to: resource<br>constraints, unintentional errors, management override, circumvention<br>by collusion, and poor judgment. Also, projection of any evaluation of the<br>system to future periods is subject to the risk that procedures may<br>become inadequate because of changes in conditions or the degree of<br>compliance with the procedures may deteriorate. Accordingly, our audit<br>would not necessarily disclose all weaknesses in the department's<br>operating procedures, accounting practices, and compliance with<br>County policy.   |  |

### APPENDIX B: REPORT ITEM CLASSIFICATIONS

| Critical Control<br>Weaknesses   | Significant Control<br>Weaknesses   | Control Findings   |
|--|---|--|
| These are audit findings or a<br>combination of audit findings<br>that represent critical<br>exceptions to the audit<br>objective(s) and/or business<br>goals. Such conditions may<br>involve either actual or<br>potential large dollar errors or<br>be of such a nature as to<br>compromise the<br>department's or County's<br>reputation for integrity.<br>Management is expected to<br>address <b>Critical Control</b><br><b>Weaknesses</b> brought to its<br>attention immediately. | These are audit findings or a<br>combination of audit findings<br>that represent a significant<br>deficiency in the design or<br>operation of internal controls.<br><b>Significant Control</b><br><b>Weaknesses</b> require prompt<br>corrective actions. | These are audit findings<br>concerning the effectiveness<br>of internal control,<br>compliance issues, or<br>efficiency issues that require<br>management's corrective<br>action to implement or<br>enhance processes and<br>internal control. <b>Control</b><br><b>Findings</b> are expected to be<br>addressed within our follow-<br>up process of six months, but<br>no later than twelve months. |



### APPENDIX C: CEO/REAL ESTATE MANAGEMENT RESPONSE



#### CEO Real Estate Management Response to Finding No. 2:

Concur. CEO Real Estate is planning to establish written policies and procedures to delineate its responsibilities for revenue generating lease contract administration by the end of 2019.

#### Finding No. 3 - Revision of Rent and Security Deposit (Control Finding)

CEO/Real Estate sent memos late or did not send memos to tenants notifying them of rent and security deposit increases for five of 25 leases reviewed (20%).

#### **Recommendation No. 3:**

It is recommended that CEO Real Estate CEO/Real Estate ensure that rent and security deposit revision memos are sent to tenants timely

#### CEO Real Estate Management Response to Finding No. 3:

Concur. CEO Real Estate will ensure that rent and security deposit revision memos are sent to tenants timely, effective immediately.

#### Finding No. 4 - Documentation of Supervisory Review (Control Finding)

The Leasing Team Manager reviews but does not sign and date the inspection report before it's sent to tenant. In addition, supervisory review is not documented on payment tracking reports for Fund 135 (Real Estate Development Program) lease payments. Supervisory review should be documented to ensure accountability is established for the reviews performed. **Recommendation No. 4**:

It is recommended that CEO Real Estate ensure that supervisory review is properly documented on applicable reports.

#### CEO Real Estate Management Response to Finding No. 4:

Concur. CEO Real Estate will ensure that supervisory review is property documented, effective immediately.

Sincerely, nonm

Thomas A. Miller Chief Real Estate Officer County Executive Office

2

